## OPERATING MANUAL FOR

POWER GENIUS (MULTIFUNCTION POWER METER)
(Model: MFM 9500)


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## POWER GENIUS

## 1. General Features

The Power Genius is the most ideal choice for the monitoring and controlling of electrical parameters in power distribution systems. It offers high accuracy, reliability and also real value for money. This next generation micro controller based instruments monitors over 40 vital parameters and does not require any external Transducers. This instrument is most suitable for measuring all electrical parameters in 3 phase industrial applications. It replaces several meters like Voltmeters, Ammeters, Wattmeters, Frequency meter, kVA meter, kVAR meter, pf meter and selector switches for the above in an electrical panel.

The measured informations are shown on Graphical LCD display with backlit. Four keys are provided on the front panel of the meter to access these information easily and quickly. The front panel is provided with antiglare feature for improved readability.

The measurement parameters include 3 phase voltage, 3 phase current, kVA, kW, kvar, PF, Frequency, THD, kWh, Kvah and Kvarh with Demand. All voltage, Current, Power and energy readings are true R.M.S including harmonics. The power and energy measurement is done for the full four quadrants. The energy reading is provided with imported and exported energy consumed by the consumer. The meter computes and updates the parameters in every 2 seconds.

The meter is also provided with a optional RS 485 optically isolated communication port supporting MODBUS RTU protocol. The port is very useful in networking the meters in multidrop communication and to collect datas in a centralised control room using any standard SCADA Software package like cimplicity, intellution, wonderware \& citech etc.
(Note : For Every change of LT $\Leftrightarrow$ HT or 1A $\Leftrightarrow 5 A$ or 3 Wire $\Leftrightarrow 4$ Wire the instrument should be switched OFF and then made ON.)

## 2. Installation

### 2.1. Mounting

The meter is housed in a compact ABS plastic enclosure of dimension 96(H) x 96(W) x 68(D)mm. The meter is suitable for panel mounting and has reliable mounting clamps to hold the meter to the panel.

The panel cut out for fixing the meter is a $92 \times 92 \mathrm{~mm}$. The depth behind the panel is 68 mm . Always provide extra space for the connectors and wiring. The panel cut out should be punched with proper tool and should be free from burrs. Insert the meter through panel cutout from front and fix the mounting clamps provided with the meter on each side.

### 2.2. Wiring

### 2.2.1 Selection of PT \& CT

The measurement of voltage and current is done using the PT voltage and CT current inputs. So the accuracy of measurement is determined by the accuracy and phase shift produced by the PT's and CT's so it is recommended to use PT's and CT's of instrument class 0.5 or better.

Also the PT's and CT's should have adequate VA rating to support the burden on the secondary side of them. The primary rating of the CT has to be selected such that the load variation lies between the dynamic range of the CT. ( $30 \%$ to $80 \%$ of the primary current).

### 2.2.2 Voltage signal connections

The MFM 9500 directly accepts voltages upto 415VAC R.M.S line to line (240VAC R.M.S line to neutral) with $10 \%$ over load capacity in case of LT selection and 110VAC R.M.S line to line (63.5 VAC R.M.S line to Neutral) with $10 \%$ over load capacity in case of HT selection. The primary of the PT is field programmable upto 330 kV .

There are four voltage input terminals marked as $R, Y, B \& N$. The three phase input voltage should be connected to those terminals. MFM 9500 voltage input burden : 0.25VA per phase

### 2.2.3 Current signal connections

The MFM 9500 current inputs can accept 5A or 1A AC R.M.S (field selectable) for connecting external CT's. The CT Primary \& Secondary value is field programmable. The current inputs has over load capability of $120 \%$ In both the cases.

There are three pairs of terminals marked as $\operatorname{IR}(M, L)$ IY (M,L) and IB ( $M, L$ ) for the connection of external CT's. For proper measurements, the polarity of the CT's must be connected properly. The CT wiring must be properly done by deenergising the CT secondary by shorting it through a shorting block. The primary current of CT is field programmable upto 10000A.

MFM 9500 Current input burden : 0.25VA per phase

## 3. Wiring Diagram

3.1) Three phase four wire LT systems (3 watt measurement)

Voltage Input : Direct 240V AC P-N (-20\% to +10\%)
Current Input : 5/1A provide through 3 CT's

3.2) Three phase three wire HT systems (2 watt measurement)

Voltage Input : Direct 110 V AC P-P ( $-20 \%$ to $+10 \%$ ) Current Input : 5/1A provide through 2 CT's


## 3.3) Auxiliary power supply connections

The Indicator MFM 9500 drives auxiliary power from the voltage input terminals as standard. If the burden of the PT is not sufficient in the case of HT Selection auxiliary power supply of 90 270VAC can be provided seperately. But it has to be specified at the time of ordering. In that case, seperate terminals will be provided for auxiliary supply. The auxiliary supply should be connected to proper specified voltage.

Burden on Auxiliary supply terminals : 4VA

## 4. Front Panel Features



The seven segment Graphical LCD Display is used to display voltage, current, kVA, kW, KVAr, PF, Freq., kWh,kVAh,kVArh, Run Hour, THD \& program mode settings. The LCD backlit is switched off when no key is pressed for 3 minutes to save power and to enhance the life of LCD. The LCD backlit is switched ON, when any key is pressed.

The symbol $\square$ Indicates that the instrument is connected with the computer. The import, export and Lag, Lead indications are also displayed in the window so that the user can easily identify whether the load is import/export.

The front panel is also provided with 4 keys. The key descriptions are given below.The keys are used to select the respective parameters in the normal operating mode and to configure various items in the program mode.

### 4.1 Changing the configuration Items

In program mode, after selecting the configuration item through Index key, It can be altered by using shift, Increment \& Enter key.

The shift ( ) key is used to select the digit one by one. The selected digit is shown by flashing that digit.

The Increment ( $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ ) key is used to increment the selected digit. The increment key Increments the digit from 0 to 9 and then wraps down to zero once again. Shift and Increment keys are also used for selecting the required parameter.

Once the required values are set in the configuration items press the Enter $\downarrow$ key to store it in memory. If the change is accepted the display Indicates 'E' otherwise an error message is displayed as 'Error'.

Once the configuration Items are programmed hold in the $>$ - keys together for 3 seconds to return back to normal operating mode.

### 4.2 Key Description :

| Keys | Program mode |  | Normal operating mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| VOLT/AMP |  |  |  | | Index key |
| :--- |
| (To select Menu's) |$\quad$| VOLT/AMP Key (Shows |
| :--- |
| further Parameters of Voltage |
| \& currnet) |

## 5. Programming Instructions

All meters are to be programmed properly to work in a particular Installation. The various items that are to be programmed are shown in the table below.

| Configuration Item | MultiFunction Power Meter |
| :--- | :--- |
| New pass word | All meters |
| Primary \& secondary | All meters |
| Voltage |  |
| Primary \& secondary | All meters |
| Current | All meters |
| Wiring Type | Meters with Communication Interface only |
| Device Id | All meters |
| Energy \& Runhour reset |  |
| Demand reset | All meters |

The meters are provided with password facility to prevent alteration of configuration items by unauthorised persons. The configuration Items of the meter may be changed by the following sequence given below.

With power applied to the meter hold in the $>\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ keys (shift and Incr) together for 3 seconds.

|  |
| :---: |
| E P $\bar{u}$ |
| $\cdots$ |
| $\cdots$ |

The display Indicates Program enter password. The password set in the menu, "new password" has to be entered by using Shift, Incr and enter keys (Refer changing the configuration items for using Shift, Incr and Enter keys).
$\begin{array}{llll}P & r & o & g \\ \bar{n} & o & d & E\end{array}$
After valid password is entered the meter enters into program mode by showing it in display.

## Special Note:

If the user enters the 'Enter pass word' for the first time, or if the user fails to remember the password entered in 'New pass word', the default password 0386 can be entered.

The configuration Items can be selected by pressing the Index (\#) key. Top row in displays are used to differentiate the various configuration items. The displays for various configuration item are given below,

```
Prog
PAS S (Range : 0000-9999)
u O r d
    0000 cod
Password to prevent unauthorised persons entry (Range : 0000-9999)
```

Press \# Key
Prog
Primary Voltage setting
Pri
(Range : 0-330000V AC)
V OLt
000415
ICD

Press \# Key


Press \# Key

Prog
SEC
Secondary Voltage setting
(Range : 110 (HT) / 415 (LT) VAC)
V OLt
415

Press \# Key


| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Prorr\|} \\ \text { d A t E } \\ \text { S E t } \\ 05.12 . \end{array} 2_{\text {ICD }}$ | Calender setting-dd/mm/yy (01/01/2001-31/12/2098) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Press \# Key |  |
| $\begin{array}{ccccc} \hline \mathbf{P} & \mathbf{r} & \mathbf{o} & \mathbf{g} \\ & & \\ \mathbf{d} & \overline{\mathrm{n}} & \mathbf{n} & \mathbf{d} \\ \mathbf{t} & \mathbf{I} & \overline{\mathrm{n}} & \mathrm{E} \\ & & & 15 & \bar{n}_{\mathrm{ICD}} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Demand time selection. (15min/30min) |
| Press \# Key |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Prog } \\ \text { d E V } \\ \text { I d } \\ 001_{160} \end{gathered}$ | Device address (for meters with communication interface only (001-255) |
| Press \# Key |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|ccccc} \hline \text { P } & \mathbf{r} & \mathbf{o} & \mathbf{g} \\ \text { b } & & & \\ \text { r } & \mathbf{U} & \mathbf{d} \\ \mathbf{r} & \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{t} & \mathbf{E} \\ & 9 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ & & & & \text { ICD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Baude Rate setting for Communication speed <br> (Range : 4800 / 9600 / 19200 / 38400) |
| Press \# Key |  |



Press \# Key

Prog
$S t o P$
b It


ICD

Press \# Key

Prog

F V r t
PAgE EnErgy

Press \# Key

$$
\begin{array}{|llll|}
\hline P & r & o & g \\
\hline & P & \bar{u} & \mathbf{r} \\
S & A & V & E \\
& d & I & S^{\prime} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Parity Set Either we can select
(None / Odd / Even)

Stop bit, Either we can select
(1 / 2)

Favourite page selection, Either we can select any one as a first page Voltage / Power / Energy/Power quality

LCD Power save Enabled/Disabled is selected using Shift or Increment key and pressing Enter key. (If it is Enabled, then backlit is automatically switched off when there is no any key press for 3 minutes. Pressing any key will make backlit ON. If LCD power save is Disabled, then backlit is switched on permanently)


Again pressing Index (\#) key repeats the same process in cyclic manner. Press \& - keys (Shift \& Increment) together for few seconds to quit program mode \& return to RUN mode.

## 6. Run Mode display pages

When power is applied to the meter the starting message consisting of model no., make and year ICD 2019, and the run mode is selected automatically. In Run mode the power parameters are shown in different pages. These pages are accessed using the "Volt/Amp, Power, Energy \& PQ" keys provided on the front panel. We can select any one of the page as a home page in run mode using favourite page selection option in programe mode. The available display pages are given below.

### 6.1 Voltage / Current page



Press VOLT/AMP Key

| A R | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1000 |
| ${ }^{50 \%} \text { в }$ | 1000 A |
| 10\% | 1000 AVG |
|  | 655.3 kWh |
| $\underset{\text { Imp }}{\text { E }}$ | -1. ICD |

Individual Line current ( $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{Y}$ \& B ) and Avg. Line current

Total Current
Total accumulated kWh

| $\underset{=100 \%}{V} \text { RY415.1 V }$ | Individual Line voltage ( R , YB \& BR ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| E ${ }^{100 \%}$ YB4 16.1 V |  |
| ${ }^{\text {E }}{ }^{50 \%}$ BR 415.1 V |  |
| ${ }^{\text {10\% }}$ ( 415.5 AVg | Avg. Line voltage |
| 1 - ${ }^{1} 55.3 \mathrm{~km}$ | Total accumulated kWh |
| $\begin{array}{\|lll\|} \hline \mathrm{E} & 0.0 .3 \\ \mathrm{Imp} & \text { ICD } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |

Press VOLT/AMP Key

| V R 240.1 V |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100\% |  |
| E Y | 240.2 v |
| E ${ }^{50 \%}$ | 24 |
|  | 240.1 |
| 10\% | 240.1 AVG |
| $\underline{\text { I }}$ |  |
|  | 655.3 kWh |
| Imp | $\xrightarrow[\text { ® }]{ }$ ICD |

Individual Phase voltage (RN, YN \& BN)

Avg. Phase voltage
Total accumulated kWh

### 6.2 Power page

| P 720.1 kVA | Total kVA |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{E}^{\text {100\% }} 460.1 \mathrm{kV}$ | Total kW |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {E }} 50 \% 640.2 \mathrm{kVAr}$ | Total kVAr |
| $\bar{I}_{10 \%} \quad \mathbf{0 . 5 0 1} \underset{\mathrm{PF}}{\varepsilon}$ | Total PF |
| $655.3 \mathrm{kwh}$ | Total accumulated kWh |

Press POWER Key


Press POWER Key


Individual kW (R, Y \& B)

Total kW
Total accumulated kWh

Press POWER Key

| P R 213.1 kVAr |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{100 \%}{ }_{Y}$ | 3. |
|  | 213.1 kVAr |
|  | $40.2{ }^{\text {e }}$ |
|  |  |
| Imp | Q-ICD |

Individual kVAr (R, Y \& B)

Total kVAr
Total accumulated kWh

Press POWER Key

| $\begin{array}{lll} \hline \mathbf{P} & R & \mathbf{0 . 5 0 1} \\ { }_{100 \%} & Y & \mathbf{0 . 5 0 0} \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| ${ }^{50 \%}$ в 0.501 |  |
| $=10 \%$ | . $501{ }_{\text {PF }}^{\varepsilon}$ |
|  | 655.3 kWh |
| $\underline{\text { Imp }}$ | - ICD |

Individual PF (R, Y \& B)

Average PF
Total accumulated kWh

Press POWER Key


Average PF calculated from the kWh \& kVAh ratio

PF value
Last Avg PF captured time with date

### 6.3 Energy page

| E | 720.1 kVA |
| :---: | :---: |
| 를 | 460.1 kW |
| $\underline{E}_{50 \%}$ | 640.2 kVAr |
| E ${ }_{10 \%}$ |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | 655.3 kWh |
| Imp | $\xrightarrow{\square} \mathrm{ICD}$ |

Total kVA
Total kW
Total kVAr

Total accumulated kWh in Import mode

Press ENERGY Key

| E | 720.1 kVA |
| :---: | :---: |
| E 100\% |  |
| 를 | 460.1 kW |
| 틀 ${ }^{50 \%}$ | 640.2 kVAr |
| E ${ }_{10 \%}$ |  |
| 1 |  |
| E | 255.3 kWh |
| $\underset{\text { Exp }}{\text { E }}$ | - ICD |

Total kVA
Total kW
Total kVAr

Total accumulated kWh in Export mode




Previous Rising demand

PRD Date, Month \& Time

Press ENERGY Key

| d | HISt |
| :---: | :---: |
| $E^{100 \%}$ |  |
|  | $\text { MD } 520.2 \text { kVA }$ |
|  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {E }}$ | 04.12 11:36 |
| (1) | B-a ICD |

MD History

Last MD value

MD History Date, Month \& Time

Press ENERGY Key

| d RD220.1 kW |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 10\% 36 |
| 50\% 360.1 kN |  |
|  |  |
| 11:57 |  |
|  |  |
| E $04.12 \quad 14.27$ |  |
|  |  |

Rising demand for kW
Instant kW
Maximum demand for kW
Demand time
MD KW peak value captured Date, Month \& time.

Press ENERGY Key

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| E- ${ }_{\text {10\% }}$ |  |
| $\underline{1}$ |  |
| E | 04.12 14:15 |
| (1) | ®-ICD |

Previous Rising demand

PRD Date, Month \& Time

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MD History

Last MD value

MD History Date, Month \& Time

Press ENERGY Key

| d RD 520.1 k |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 00\% |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 12:57 |  |
|  |  |
| E $04.12 \quad 14: 27$ |  |
|  | 日 |

Rising demand for kVAr
Instant kVAr
Maximum demand for kVAr
Demand time
MD KVAr peak value captured Date, Month \& time.

Press ENERGY Key

|  |
| :---: |

Previous Rising demand

Press ENERGY Key

| d | HISt |
| :---: | :---: |
| - ${ }^{100 \%}$ |  |
| E ${ }_{\text {50\% }}$ |  |
|  | $\text { MD } 520.2 \text { kVAr }$ |
| I |  |
| E | 04.12 11:36 |
| (1) | B-IICD |

MD History

Last MD value

MD History Date, Month \& Time



### 6.4 Power quality



Press PQ Key

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{ll} \text { THD } & R \\ \mathrm{Pq}_{100 \%} \end{array} \\ l^{2} \end{array}$ | 20.1 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Y | 20.2 |
| 들 ${ }^{50 \%} \mathrm{~B}$ | 21.5 |
| 10\% | 10.6 AVG |
| I | \% |
| - | Crnt |
| E | ®口ICD |

Total harmonics distortion for individual line current

Average THD
Current THD

The above pages are given for 3 phase 4 wire LT meters. For HT meters, the resolution and units will change as given in technical specifications. The display pages, sequence and parameters can be altered based on user requirement (to be mention while ordering).

## Rising Demand (RD) :

It is the Integrated $\mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{kW} / \mathrm{kVAr} /$ Amps which is the average rate of consumption per cycle of Integration. At the end of the integration cycle the integrated value would equal that of the instantaneous value available throughout the cycle. At the end of the cycle, RD resets to zero(00) and and its value shifts to previous RD with date \& time.

## Demand Time :

It is the total time of integration cycle, selectable in program mode (15/30min).

Integration Demand Time :
It is the instant demand time during integration cycle.
Maximum Demand :
It is the Highest demand (Peak values of kVA/kW/kVAr/Amps) obtained from the Last peak demand. MD resets \& its value shifts to HMD, when MD is made reset.

## 7. Communication Port Details

The MFM 9500 is provided with a optically Isolated RS 485 communication Port, which is an optional Feature and has to be specified at the time of ordering. The communication protocol used is MODBUS - RTU or MODBUS-ASCII (to be specified while ordering). Using the communication Port, the meters can be connected in multi drop network and data can be collected in a centralised control room using any standard SCADA Software.

The communication between the PC and the instrument would be in Master slave mode. P.C acts as a master and sends a command message (query) containing the slave Id, function code and address of the information required. The command is received by all the slaves. The slave whose address is matching with that of the command address would respond with the requested data.

The communication settings are,
Protocol : MODBUSRTU

Baud rate : 9600
Data bit : 8
Parity : None
Stop bit : 1
Starting Address : 40001
Data Type : UINT
Communicating mode : Half Duplex
The above configuration are to be done in any standard scada package for collecting the data.

The instrument is provided with screwable 3 pin phoenix connector for connecting the communication cable at the rear side. Terminal details are (From left to right)

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}
\hline \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{O} \\
\hline \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{Gnd}
\end{array}
$$

| The address of the parameters are as follows. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SI.No Parameter |  | Address | Resolution |  |
|  |  |  | LT | HT |
| 1 | R - Voltage | 40001 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 2 | Y - Voltage | 40002 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 3 | B - Voltage | 40003 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 4 | RY Voltage | 40004 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 5 | YB Voltage | 40005 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 6 | BR Voltage | 40006 | 0.1 | 0.01 |
| 7 | R Current | 40007 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 8 | Y Current | 40008 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 9 | B Current | 40009 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 10 | Total kVA | 40010 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 11 | Total kW | 40011 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 12 | Total kVAr | 40012 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 13 | Total PF | 40013 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| 14 | Frequency | 40014 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 15 | kWH MSB | 40015 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 16 | kWH LSB | 40016 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 17 | Meter Type / Runhour MSB | 40017 |  |  |
| 18 | Runhour LSB | 40018 |  |  |
| 19 | Import/ Export | 40019 |  |  |
| 20 | kVAh MSB | 40020 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 21 | kVAh LSB | 40021 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 22 | Lag kVArh MSB | 40022 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 23 | Lag kVArh LSB | 40023 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 24 | Lead kVArh MSB | 40024 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 25 | Lead kVArh LSB | 40025 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 26 | RD kVA | 40026 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 27 | Demand Time hh:mm | 40027 |  |  |
| 28 | PRD kVA | 40028 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 29 | Date/Month | 40029 |  |  |
| 30 | Hour/Minute | 40030 |  |  |


| SI.No Parameter |  | Address | Resolution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LT | HT |
| 31 | RD kW | 40031 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 32 | PRD kW | 40032 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 33 | MD kVA | 40033 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 34 | Date/Month | 40034 |  |  |
| 35 | Hour/Minute | 40035 |  |  |
| 36 | MD kW | 40036 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 37 | Date/Month | 40037 |  |  |
| 38 | Hour/Minute | 40038 |  |  |
| 39 | R Voltage THD | 40039 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 40 | Y Voltage THD | 40040 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 41 | B Voltage THD | 40041 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 42 | R Current THD | 40042 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 43 | Y Current THD | 40043 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 44 | B Current THD | 40044 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 45 | Export kWh MSB | 40045 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 46 | Export kWh LSB | 40046 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 47 | Export kVAh MSB | 40047 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 48 | Export kVAh LSB | 40048 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 49 | Export Lag kVArh MSB | 40049 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 50 | Export Lag kVArh LSB | 40050 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 51 | Export Lead kVArh MSB | 40051 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 52 | Export Lead kVArh LSB | 40052 | 0.1 | 1 |

Note:
a) $\Sigma$ PF Calculation: If P.F $<1000$ PF is in Lag (P.F = PF)

If P.F > 1000 PF is in Lead P.F $=(P F-1000)$
b) $\Sigma \mathrm{kWh}$ Calculation : $\Sigma \mathrm{kWh}=(\mathrm{kWh}$ MSB * 65536 $)+\mathrm{kWH}$ LSB
c) Meter Type / Runhour MSB : 256
d) $\mathbf{Q}=$ Meter Type : $\quad 03=$ LT Meter ; $05=$ HT Meter
e) Imp. \& Exp. status: $0=$ Import, $1=$ Export
f) R : Runhour MSB
g) Total Runhour : (Runhour MSB * 65536 ) + Runhour LSB

### 7.1 Communication connection diagram

When connecting the meters in multidrop communication network, the following methods are to be adopted for trouble free communication.

1. Loop Topology


In this method, the communication continous to work even if there is a breakage in any one of the Loop. Termination resistors are not required.
2. Straight line Topology


In this method termination resistor RT ( $60-100 \Omega$ ) of value equal to characteristic Impedance of the cable used may be required to avoid reflection loses.

It is recommended to use proper \& suitable communication cable for trouble free communication.

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| 8. Technical specification (class $0.5 / 1$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | : ICD make MULTIFUNCTION POWER METER / |
|  | POWER GENIUS |
| Model | : MFM 9500 |
| Application | : LT / HT Application (Field Programmable) |
| Voltage Input | : LT : 415 AC RMS (-20\% to +10\%) |
| (Line to Line) | HT : 110 V AC RMS (-20\% to +10\%) |
| Current Input | : 5A / 1A AC R.M.S. (Field Programmable) |
| Over Load Capacity | : 10A Max continuous, 50A max for 3 seconds |
| Working Load Range | : 0.5\% to 120\% of load current |
| Frequency | : 45.00 to 55.00 Hz |
| Measurement Method | : 3 Watt Meter or |
|  | 2 Watt Meter (Field programmable). |
| Accuracy | Class 0.5 as per IS 14697 (or) |
|  | Class 1 as per IS 13779 (ordering Option) |
| Display | Seven segment GRAPHICAL LCD display with |
|  | Backlit |
| Programmable |  |
| Parameters | secondary current, Device ID, Demand time, |
|  | Real time Clock, Date, Energy \& Runhour |
| Reset | Facility with password protection |
| Parameters storage | : In non-volatile EERAM (including |
|  | Energy \& Runhour) |
| Display page selection | : By set of keys provided in front panel. |
| THD Accuracy | $\pm 2 \%$ OFS for \% values (for loads > 20\%) |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Burden on Voltage I/P | $: 0.25 \mathrm{VA}$ per phase |
| Burden on Current I/P | $: 0.25 \mathrm{~V}$ A per phase |
| PC Interface (Optional) | $:$ An optically isolated RS $485 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{P}$ is available |
|  | with MODBUS-RTU protocol. |
| Isolation | $: 2 \mathrm{kV}$ Isolation for 1 minute between |
|  | communication and other circuits. |

Parameter displayed : (Class 0.5)

| Parameter | Range | Resolution | Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R, Y, B Voltage | 50-280 V AC | 0.1 V (LT) | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | 25-80 V AC | $0.01 \mathrm{kV}(\mathrm{HT})$ | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| RY, YB, BR <br> Voltage | 90-485 V AC | 0.1 V (LT) | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | 40-140 V AC | $0.01 \mathrm{kV}(\mathrm{HT})$ | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| Current | 0-100 A AC | 0.1 A (LT \& HT) | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | $>\overline{100} \bar{A}$ - primary current (CT) set | $\overline{1 \mathrm{~A}}(\overline{\mathrm{LT}} \overline{\text { \& }} \mathrm{HT})$ |  |
| kVA/KW/kVAr (LT) | 0-1000 KVA/KW/KVAr | 0.1 kV A/KW $/ \mathrm{kVAr}$ | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3 Phase \& total | \$1000 kVA/KW / kVAr | $1 \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{KW} / \mathrm{kVAr}$ | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| kVA/KW/kVAr(HT) | 0-10000kVA/KW/kVAr | 1 kV A/KW / kVAr | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3 Phase \& total $>$ | $10000 \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{KW} / \mathrm{kVAr}$ | D.01 MVA/MW/MVAr | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3Phase Power factor \& Avg PF | 0.0Lg - Unity - 0.0Ld | 0.001 (LT \& HT) | $\pm 0.5 \%+2$ Least digit |
| Frequency | $40.00-60.00 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $0.01 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{LT} \& \mathrm{HT})$ | $\pm 0.2 \%+2$ Least digi |
| kWh, KVAh \& kVarh | 9999999.9 | 0.1 (LT/HT) | Class 0.5 as per <br> IS 14697 ( $\pm 0.5 \%$ ) |
| Run Hour | 9999.59 Hours Max. | 1 Minute | $\pm 3 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{day}$ |

## Parameter displayed : (Class 1 )

| Parameter | Range | Resolution | Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R, Y, B Voltage | 50-280 V AC | 0.1 V (LT) | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | 25-80 V AC | $0.01 \mathrm{kV}(\mathrm{HT})$ | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| RY, YB, BR <br> Voltage | 90-485V AC | 0.1 V (LT) | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | 40-140 V AC | $0.01 \mathrm{kV}(\mathrm{HT})$ | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
|  | 0-100 A AC | 0.1 A (LT \& HT) | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| Current | $>\overline{100} \mathrm{~A}$ - primary current (CT) set | $\overline{1 \mathrm{~A}}(\overline{\mathrm{LT}} \overline{\&} \mathrm{HT})$ |  |
| kVA/KW/kVAr (LT | 0-1000 KVA/KW/KVA | 0.1kVA/KW/kVAr | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3 Phase \& total | >1000 kVA/KW / kVAr | $1 \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{KW} / \mathrm{kVAr}$ | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| kVA/KW/kVAr(HT | 0-10000kVA/KW/kVAr | $1 \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{KW} / \mathrm{kVAr}$ | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3 Phase \& total | 10000 kVA/KW/kVAr | 0.01 MVA/MW/MVAr | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| 3Phase Power facto r \& Avg PF | 0.0Lg - Unity - 0.0Ld | 0.001 (LT \& HT) | $\pm 1 \%+2$ Least digit |
| Frequency | $40.00-60.00 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 0.01Hz(LT \& HT) | $\pm 0.2 \%+2$ Least digi |
| kWh, KVAh \& kVArh | 9999999.9 | 0.1 (LT/HT) | Class 1 as per IS 13779 ( $\pm 1 \%$ ) |
| Run Hour | 9999.59 Hours Max. | 1 Minute | $\pm 3 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{day}$ |


| Auxiliary Supply | $: 90-270 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Burden on Auxiliary I/P | $: 4 \mathrm{VA}$ |
| Operating Temperature | $: 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Box Dimension | $: 96(\mathrm{~W}) \times 96(\mathrm{H}) \times 68(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Cutout | $: 92 \times 92 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Mounting | $:$ Panel |
| Enclosure | $:$ ABS Plastic case |
| Weight | $: 500 \mathrm{~g}$ (Approximately) |

